

# JavaScript String Methods

- description : JavaScript String Methods
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## The source of this article

[JavaScript String Methods](#)

## String Methods and Properties

“John Doe” (Primitive values) 가 ( 가 ) .

JavaScript  
JavaScript ,

## String Length

length

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <h2>JavaScript String Properties</h2>
  <p>The length property returns the length of a string</p>
  <p id="demo"></p>
  <script>
    let txt = "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ";
    let sln = txt.length;
    document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = sln;
  </script>
</body>
</html>

```

## Finding a String in a String

`indexOf()` \_\_\_\_\_(occurrence) ( )

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <h2>JavaScript String Methods</h2>
  <p>The indexOf() method returns the position of the first occurrence of a
  specified text:</p>
  <p id="demo"></p>
  <script>
    let str = "Please locate where 'locate' occurs!";
    let pos = str.indexOf("locate");
    document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = pos; // 7
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
%%JavaScript%% 0
0 , 1 , 2 ...
```

`lastIndexOf()` 가 ( )

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <h2>JavaScript String Methods</h2>
  <p>The lastIndexOf() method returns the positon of the last occurrence of
  a specified text:</p>
  <p id="demo"></p>
  <script>
    let str = "Please locate where 'locate' occurs!";
    let pos = str.lastIndexOf('locate');
    document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = pos; // 21
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

가 , indexOf() lastIndexOf() -1 .

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```

<html>
<body>
  <h2>JavaScript String Methods</h2>
  <p>Both indexOf() and lastIndexOf() returns -1 if the text is not
found:</p>
  <p id="demo"></p>
  <script>
    let str = "Please locate where 'locate' occurs!";
    let pos = str.indexOf("John");
    document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = pos; // -1
  </script>
</body>
</html>

```

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <h2>JavaScript String Methods</h2>
  <p>The indexOf() method accepts a second parameter as the starting
position for the search:</p>
  <p id="demo"></p>
  <script>
    let str = "Please locate where 'locate' occurs!";
    let pos = str.indexOf("locate", 15); //index[15]
    document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = pos; // 21
  </script>
</body>
</html>

```

lastIndexOf(                    (                    )                    .  
,                    가 15                    ,                    15                    ,                    .

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <h2>JavaScript String Methods</h2>
  <p>The lastIndexOf() method accepts a second parameter as the starting
position for the search.</p>
  <p>Remember that the lastIndexOf() method searches backwards, so position
15 means start the search at position 15, and search to the beginning.</p>
  <p>Position 15 is position 15 from the beginning</p>
  <p id="demo"></p>
  <script>
    let str = "Please locate where 'locate' occurs!";
    let pos = str.lastIndexOf("locate", 15);
    document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = pos; // 7
    console.log(str.length); // 36
  </script>

```

```
console.log(str[15]); // h
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

var = str	P	l	e	a	s	e	l	o	c	a	t	e	w	h	e	r	e	‘	l	o	c	a	t	e	’	o	c	c	u	r	s	!				
Index no	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Index no : 0 ~ 35 / length : 36																																				

Tip:lastIndexOf(    (index[0]    )    searchValue    .

### Searching for a String in a String

search(    ,    .

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h2>JavaScript String Methods</h2>
<p>The search() method returns the position of the first occurnece of a specified text in a string.</p>
<p id="demo"></p>
<script>
  let str = "Please locate where 'locate' occurs!";
  let pos = str.search("locate");
  document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = pos; // 7
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

### Did You Notice?

indexOf()    search()    ?  
(                          )                          ?  
가                          .                          .

- search(    .
- indexOf(    (    )    .

# Extracting String Parts

3가

- slice(start, end)
- substring(start, end)
- substr(start, length)

## The slice() Method

slice()

( , ) 가

7 12 (13-1)

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <h2>JavaScript String Methods</h2>
  <p>The slice() method extract a part of a string and returns the extracted
parts in a new string:</p>
  <p id="demo"></p>
  <script>
    let str = "Apple, Banana, Kiwi";
    let res = str.slice(7, 13); // 7- , 13- , X
    document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = res; // Banana
  </script>
</body>
</html>

```

: 0 . 0 .

가 ,

-12 -6 .

```

<script>
  let str = "Apple, Banana, Kiwi";
  let res = str.slice(-12, -6);
  document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = res;
  console.log(str.length);
</script>

```

가 from MDN:

```
str.slice(beginIndex[, endIndex])
```

```
beginIndex:  
-  
- , beginIndex = str.length( ) + beginIndex  
- ) beginIndex = -3 , strLength + (-3)  
endIndex:  
- 0  
- endIndex
```

(-> 가 , 가 )

```
<script>  
let str = "Apple, Banana, Kiwi";  
let res = str.slice(7);  
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = res; // Banana, Kiwi  
</script>
```

가 , 가

```
<script>  
let str = "Apple, Banana, Kiwi";  
let res = str.slice(-12);  
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = res; // Banana, Kiwi  
</script>
```

Internet Explorer 8

가

## The substring() Method

substring() slice()

substring()

```
<script>  
let str = "Apple, Banana, Kiwi";  
let res = str.substring(7, 13); // index7 12  
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = res; // Banana  
</script>
```

substring()

## The substr() Method

substr() slice()

가

```

<script>
  let str = "Apple, Banana, Kiwi";
  let res = str.substr(7, 10); // index7 10
  document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = res; // Banana, Ki
</script>

```

, substr()

```

<script>
  let str = "Apple, Banana, Kiwi";
  let res = str.substr(8); // index7
  document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = res; // anana, Kiwi
</script>

```

가

```

<script>
  let str = "Apple, Banana, Kiwi";
  let res = str.substr(-8); // index-8
  document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = res; // na, Kiwi
</script>

```

## Replacing String Content

replace()

( )

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <h2>JavaScript String Methods</h2>
  <p>Replace "Microsoft" with "W3Schools" in the paragraph below:</p>
  <button onclick="myFunction()">Try it</button>
  <p id="demo">Please visit Microsoft!</p>
  <script>
    function myFunction() {
      let str = document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML;
      let txt = str.replace("Microsoft", "W3Schools");
    }
  </script>

```

```
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = txt;
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
''replace()''
```

```
, replace()
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <h2>JavaScript String Methods</h2>
  <p>Replace "Microsoft" with "W3Schools" in the paragraph below:</p>
  <button onclick="myFunction()">Try it</button>
  <p id="demo">Please visit Microsoft and Microsoft!</p>
  <script>
    function myFunction() {
      let str = document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML;
      let txt = str.replace("Microsoft", "W3Schools");
      document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = txt;
    }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

, [Javascript](#), [String](#), [Methods](#)

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